

Regional Transit Plan East-West Corridor Study

Project Briefing

Summer 2022





Today's Agenda

- Regional Transit Plan Background
- Other Projects in the Corridor
- What We've Heard so Far
- Introducing the Alternatives
- Alternatives Performance
- Next Steps



Regional Transit Plan Background

Central Maryland Regional Transit Plan

- Completed October 2020. Will be updated every five years.
- Provides 25-year plan for improving public transportation in Central Maryland.
- Addresses traditional transit (bus, rail) as well as new mobility options and technology (automated vehicles, shared mobility).
- 11-member commission guided the plan development.
- Complies with requirements of 2018 Maryland Metro/Transit Funding Act.





Regional Transit Plan & Identified Corridors



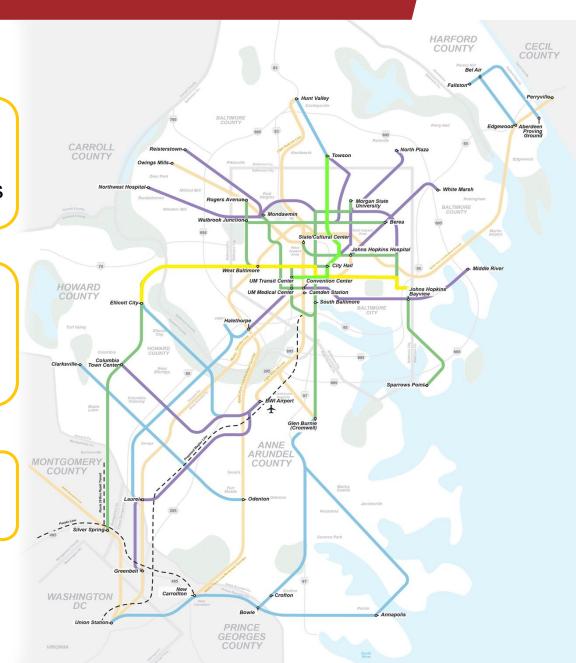
Connect residents across multiple counties to the most important regional destinations: jobs, schools, health services



Existing all-day demand for service 7 days a week (at peak, service every 15 minutes or better / off-peak, 20+ minutes)



Require infrastructure improvements and investments



Regional Transit Plan Corridors Background

Transit Corridor Studies

- begin with no pre-determined routes or modes in mind;
- build upon previous plans; and
- incorporate new complete streets legislation, new development projects, and equity policies



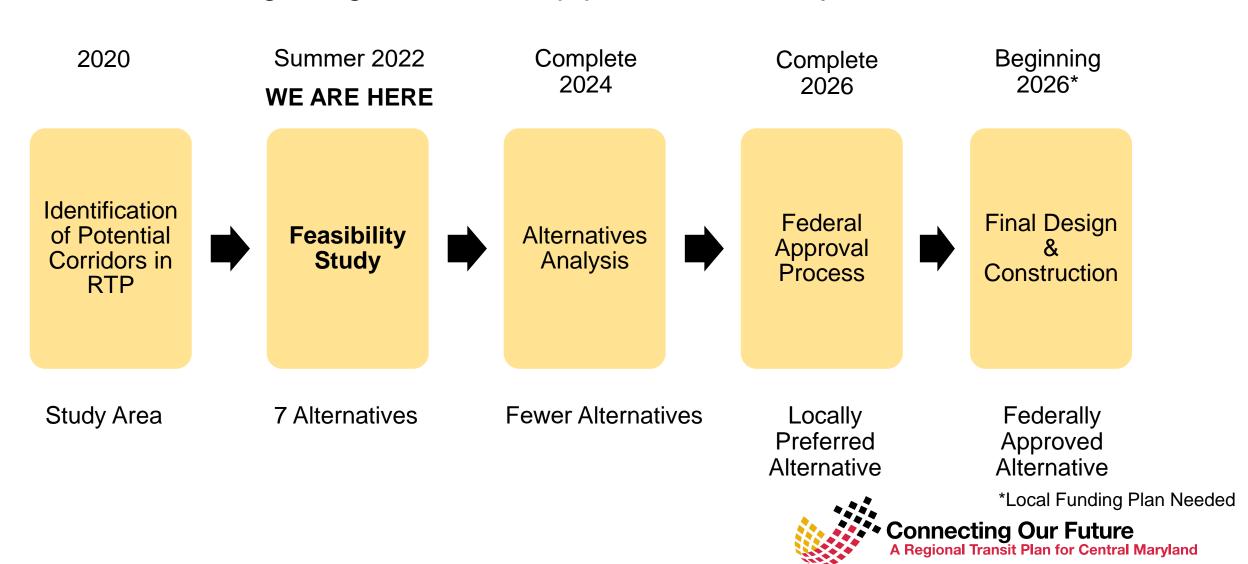
East-West Corridor Efforts





Why are we here?

We are in the beginning of a multi-step process for a major transit investment.



Project Goals



1. Improve the **connectivity and operations** of the existing transit network



2. Expand the **reach and connectivity** of the regional transit network



3. Prioritize the needs of existing transit riders and **transit-critical populations**



4. Maximize the **economic and environmental benefit** of a major transit investment

Study Purpose and Testing

Seven alternatives were developed based on a **market analysis** and the project **goals and objectives**. Alternatives were developed to **test** different **modes and station spacing**, **treatments**, **and areas served**.

- Bus Rapid Transit (BRT), Light Rail Transit (LRT), Heavy Rail Transit (HRT)
- Transit Streets, Dedicated Guideways, Tunnels
- Areas Tradeoffs:
 - CMS/SSA vs. Ellicott City
 - Bayview vs. Essex
 - Inner Harbor vs. Bypassing Central Business District
 - Harbor East vs. Johns Hopkins Hospital
 - North vs. south of Patterson Park

Engagement Activities Conducted

Spring 2021

Summer 2021

Fall 2021

Spring/Summer 2022

WE ARE HERE

Elected Official and Stakeholder Conversations



Public Survey
Community
Stakeholder
Meetings



Transit Caucus
Presentation
Jurisdiction
Roundtables
Online Video



Public Meetings
Street Teams
Website
Feedback
Community
Presentations

Kickoff Conversations

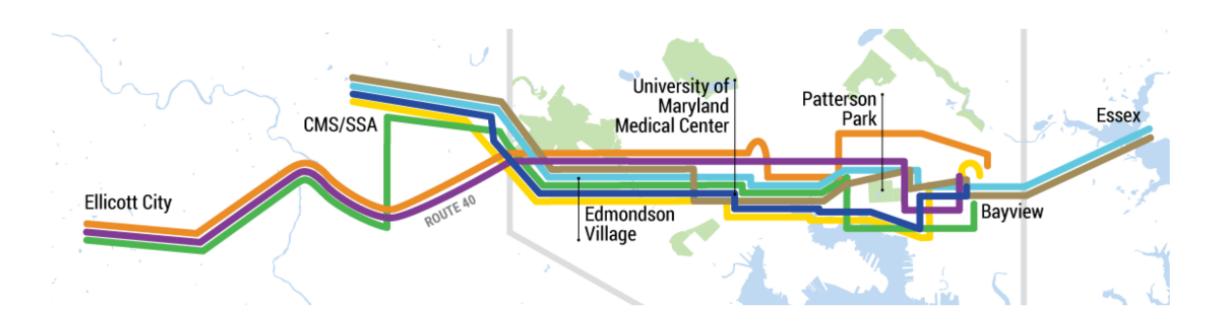
Touchpoint #1

Touchpoint #2

Touchpoint #3



East-West Corridor Preliminary Alternatives



Alternative 1

Bus Rapid Transit from Bayview to Ellicott City via Johns Hopkins Hospital and CMS/SSA.

Alternative 2

Bus Rapid Transit from Bayview to Ellicott City via Johns Hopkins Hospital and US 40.

Alternative 3

Heavy Rail Transit (Metro) from Bayview to Edmondson Village, Bus Rapid Transit from Edmondson Village to Ellicott City.

Alternative 4

Light Rail Transit from Essex to CMS/SSA via Bayview and Johns Hopkins Hospital.

Alternative 5

Bus Rapid Transit from Essex to CMS/SSA via Bayview and Johns Hopkins Hospital.

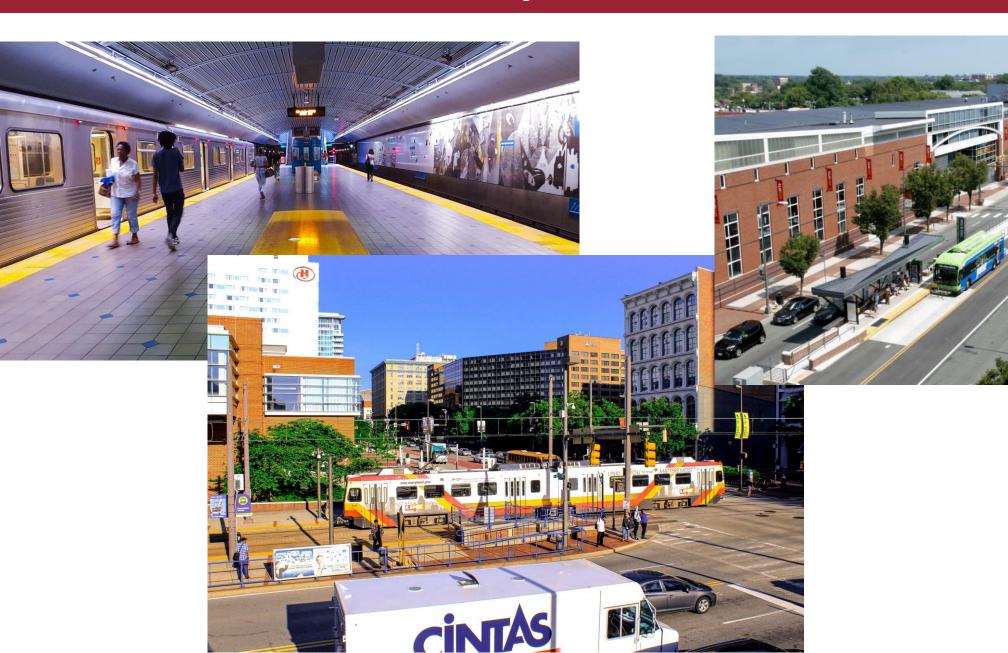
Alternative 6

Light Rail Transit from Bayview to CMS/SSA via the Waterfront.

Alternative 7

Bus Rapid Transit from Bayview to CMS/SSA via the Waterfront.

East-West Corridor Study Modes



Measures of Effectiveness

What are the relative strengths and weakness of each preliminary alternative?

Goal	Theme	Measures				
Improve the existing network	Reliability	Percent of Dedicated Guideway				
		Fixed or Flexible Guideway				
	System Travel Savings	Average travel time savings for transit riders living in the corridor				
	Travel Time	Transit travel time between West Baltimore and Hopkins Bayview				
Expand the regional network	Ridership	Total Daily Ridership in 2045 per mile				
	Connections	Connections to rail stations, frequent bus service & LOTS				
	Access	Households within ½ mile of a station per mile				
		Students within ½ mile of a station per mile				
		Future jobs within ½ mile of a station per mile				

Goal	Theme	Measures			
Prioritize the need of existing transit riders and transit-critical populations	Equity	Low-income population within ½ mile of a station per mile			
		Minority population within ½ mile of a station per mile			
		Zero-car households within ½ mile of a station per mile			
		Limited English Proficiency population within ½ mile of a station per mile			
		Adult population over age 65 within ½ mile of a station per mile			
		Population with disabilities within ½ mile of a station per mile			
Maximize the economic and environmental benefit	Sustainability	Trips shifted to transit			
	Cost	Operations & capital costs			
	Implementation	Estimated implementation time			
	Tunneling Complexity	Not applicable, medium or high			

Summary of Analysis Takeaways

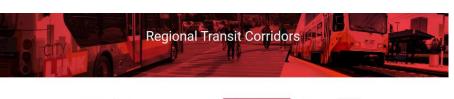
- All alternatives attract more than enough ridership to support frequent transit service throughout the day.
- All alternatives improve travel times & reliability for transit riders through extensive new dedicated guideway. Rail has better travel time performance than Bus Rapid Transit.
- All alternatives improve access for **transit-critical populations**. Alignment, station spacing and travel time impact access improvements.
- Costs to build and operate rail alternatives are three to four times higher than Bus Rapid Transit. Cost is driven by mode and length of tunneling.

Measure of Effectiveness Results Summary

	Alternative	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mode	BRT	BRT	BRT+HRT	LRT	BRT	LRT	BRT
	Endpoints	Ellicott City - Bayview		CMS-Essex		CMS-Bayview		
Goal	Length (miles)	22.7	18.4	19.1	16.4	17.1	14.1	14.2
	Number of Stations	39	36	25	28	33	19	31
	Average Station Spacing (miles)	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.5
	Performance Area							
1 Improve the connectivity and operations of the existing	Reliability - % of Dedicated Guideway	GOOD	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER	BEST	BETTER
	Reliability - Fixed or Flexible Guideway	FLEXIBLE	FLEXIBLE	FLEXIBLE/ FIXED	FIXED	FLEXIBLE	FIXED	FLEXIBLE
transit network	System Travel Time Savings	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	BEST	BETTER	BEST	GOOD
	Travel Time	GOOD	GOOD	BEST	BETTER	GOOD	BEST	GOOD
_	Ridership	GOOD	GOOD	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER	BEST	BETTER
2	Transit Connections	BEST	GOOD	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER
Expand the reach and connectivity of the regional	Access to Households	BETTER	BEST	GOOD	BETTER	BETTER	BEST	BEST
transit network	Access to Students	GOOD	BEST	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER	GOOD	BETTER
	Access to Jobs	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	BETTER	BETTER	BEST	BEST
3 Prioritize the needs of existing transit riders and transit-critical populations	Equity	GOOD	BEST	GOOD	BETTER	BETTER	GOOD	BETTER
4	Sustainability	BEST	BEST	GOOD	GOOD	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER
Maximize the economic and environmental benefit of a major transit investment	Cost	\$	\$	\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$	\$	\$\$\$	\$
	Implementation time	SHORTEST	SHORTEST	LONGEST	MIDDLE	SHORTEST	MIDDLE	SHORTEST
	Tunneling Complexity	N/A	N/A	HIGH	MEDIUM	N/A	HIGH	N/A

Next Steps – Public Outreach

- 60-day public comment period open through August 1, 2022.
- Street teams are conducting on-the-ground outreach along the corridor. Check website for dates/times and locations.
- Provide comments on the website.
 www.rtpcorridors.com





ansportation modes, schedules, routes, and infrastructure. Natch the video below to learn more about the corridor study process







YOUR COMMUNITY MEETINGS!

Next Steps - Study

Summer/Fall 2022

Identify Alternatives for Further Study

MDOT and local jurisdictions will select a reduced set of alternatives for further study after public feedback is gathered.



2022 - 2024

Identify Locally
Preferred Alternative

The reduced set of alternatives will receive additional engineering and environmental analysis and public input to narrow down to a single option.

2024 - 2026

Federal Approval & Apply for Funding



MDOT and its partners will develop a local funding plan and apply for funding to support design and construction once a preferred option has been confirmed.

